

THE ENTERPRISE.

VOL XVII

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, SAN MATEO COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1910

NO. 8

ALLEGED ATTEMPT TO KILL CITIZEN OF SAN BRUNO

**Reported That Pistol Shot Was Fired at
A. J. Tucker While Disrobing in His
Room to Go to Bed.**

Shortly after A. J. Tucker, the well-known real estate dealer at San Bruno, entered his room at Uncle Tom's Cabin in that town last Tuesday night, a shot crashed through a window in the room and lodged in an automobile robe lying on a chair.

While disrobing to go to bed, Tucker suddenly saw the shadow of a man's figure on the drawn curtain. He immediately dropped to the floor and a pistol shot rang out upon the night air. Andy Buereck, the proprietor, rushed outside to a cypress tree behind which it was thought the would-be murderer had hidden, but no trace of him could be found.

The names of six suspects have been given to District Attorney Bullock.

On Tuesday, H. E. Leslie and A. A. LoReaux appeared before District Attorney Bullock at Redwood City and swore out a warrant charging Tucker with criminal libel.

This was the result of affidavits appearing in the San Bruno Banner, in which it was charged that A. T. Green, also a San Bruno real estate dealer, had said that he (Green) was tired of furnishing money to Leslie and LoReaux for their influence in trying to put through a real estate transaction, which was the sale of a piece of land to the school district for a schoolhouse site. The affidavits were sworn to by W. W. Linesba and E. M. A. Pallas. It is reported that Tucker was fired at again last night while riding in an automobile.

KNIGHTS OF THE ROYAL ARCH GIVE BANQUET

Redwood City Lodge, No. 57, Knights of the Royal Arch, gave its second annual banquet at Redwood City last Thursday night.

There were many invited guests from different parts of San Mateo county besides the grand officers and local members.

The spread was an elaborate one. Many instructive speeches were made by grand officers, members and invited guests on the elevating purposes of the order.

Past Valiant Commander Chas. Long called the assemblage to order and introduced Valiant Commander Chris Stader as toastmaster, to whom Secretary Louis Braut presented a beautiful gavel.

An orchestra rendered splendid music, and during the evening vocal solos were given.

The affair came to a close shortly after midnight, after endorsing this city as a site for the Panama-Pacific Exposition in 1915.

FOURTH OF JULY

A movement has been started at Redwood City to give a grand celebration of Fourth of July there this year.

It was generally agreed last year that a celebration would be given in this city this year.

A canvas has been made among the

local business men with the result that the South San Francisco celebration will be waived this year, in order that a grand county affair can be held at the county seat in honor of the completion and opening of the new court house. More particulars will be published later.

Boost for the celebration at Redwood City.

FRATERNAL ORDERS

F. O. E.

South City Aerie, No. 1473, conducted its first initiation under the new ritual Tuesday evening last, when the members realized its superiority over the old. It is a beautiful and most impressive service. L. S. Koford was the candidate, and while he is an enthusiastic member of the Aero Club, he realizes by this time that actual wings are superior in every way, for every purpose. South City Aerie is growing in membership. The enthusiasm in evidence Tuesday speaks well for the future. The usual social time followed. There will be no meeting Tuesday next—Washington's Birthday.

What has become of the old-fashioned man who wore a nightcap on his head? (Note.—The location of the cap is designated that it may not be confused with the one frequently worn in the stomach.)

For Rent—The Union Hotel, with bar and liquor license; furnished or unfurnished; centrally located. Apply this office.

The hotel has been rented. Advertise your wants in THE ENTERPRISE.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS TOLD IN BRIEF

Residents of South San Francisco are asked to furnish this office with any news items that they know of from time to time. There is a letter box attached to our front door, in which written items can be placed. Please write on one side of paper and sign your name to it. THE ENTERPRISE desires to print all the local happenings, and the people of South San Francisco can be of material help.

John Still, barber, has gone to Sonoma, where he purchased a barber shop.

Contractor Scott again commenced the work of macadamizing Grand Avenue on Tuesday.

County Clerk Jos. H. Nash and his deputy, Al. Lowe, were visitors to this city on Tuesday evening.

Harry Adams, who was in San Mateo Hospital, returned home Sunday last, and is rapidly recovering from an operation performed by Dr. Juilly.

J. C. Eikerenkotter, formerly a resident of this city, but now doing business in Santa Rosa as agent for some of the San Francisco dailies, was a visitor in this city on Wednesday.

A high jinks will be given by the Independent Voters and Citizens Club to-night at Metropolitan Hall. A splendid program of exercises has been arranged. Refreshments will be served during the evening.

Reuben Neer was convicted of petit larceny in Justice McSweeney's court this morning, having been charged with stealing \$33.10 from G. Mas. sone of Colma. Judge McSweeney sentenced Neer to serve 180 days in the county jail.

The Aero Club gave an experimental flight with its new glider last Sunday afternoon. The flight was partially successful. There was hardly any wind, which is necessary to carry the machine up into the air. Another experiment will shortly be made.

A farewell party was given to the Misses Lena and Emma Eikerenkotter at Guild Hall last evening by their many young friends in this city. The young ladies are soon to leave this city to make their residence in future in Santa Rosa, where their father is conducting a newspaper agency business. Mrs. Eikerenkotter will go to Santa Rosa later.

The Tanforan Site booster meeting that was arranged to be held at Colma next Tuesday evening has been postponed until the following Tuesday. Next Tuesday being Washington's Birthday, is the reason for the change. An electric car will be chartered to carry Tanforan Site advocates for the Panama-Pacific Exposition in 1915 from this city and San Bruno. The car will leave the local postoffice at 7:30 p. m., and leave San Bruno at 8 p. m. Those going in the special car will be assessed 50 cents each for the round trip.

C. A. Parker, representing the Grand Lodge of Good Templars, has been spending a few days in town the past week, in the interest of the local lodge. Through public address and private interview he has succeeded in reviewing the cause for which the order stands. A goodly number of new members are being added to the lodge, that will mean much for the town in the way of temperance and moral improvement. Already the lodge is contemplating a line of work that will be of real value to the young men of the town who are away from home and need a clean, inviting resort, in which to meet friends and spend their leisure moments.

For Sale.—Several good, well-located lots in South San Francisco; installment plan; reasonable terms. Apply to D. O. Daggett or E. E. Cunningham & Co. at postoffice.

TRUSTEES MAKE NO PROVISIONS FOR PRIMARIES

**Decide That Candidates for City Offices
Shall Have Names Placed On Independent Ballot by Petition**

The City Board of Trustees held its regular weekly meeting last Monday night, with all members present.

A communication was received from Louis F. Swift of Chicago, who had been requested to use his influence in having land in this vicinity donated for a site for the Panama-Pacific Exposition in 1915. Mr. Swift informed the board that Leroy Hough had been delegated to confer with the board in this matter.

A communication was also received from Leroy Hough in reference to the same matter.

Both communications accepted and ordered placed on file.

A communication addressed to F. A. Cunningham from a nurseryman offering to furnish small eucalyptus trees at a cost of \$11 per thousand was read. Accepted and placed on file.

A communication was received from the South San Francisco Water Company inclosing a financial report of the company's business from its beginning to December 31, 1909. This statement was furnished by the company as a basis upon which the board could make a water rate for the year 1910.

The report is a very comprehensive one.

City Attorney Styles was requested

REGISTER.

Citizens of this city can now register their names with F. A. Cunningham, at the Postoffice, or Geo. Wallace at the Verandah Hotel, in order that they can vote at the August primaries and the fall State and county election in November. The voters of this city whose names are on the last great register can vote at the coming city election if they have not changed their residence from one precinct to another. New citizens must register immediately if they wish to vote at the coming city election in April.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Services each Sunday at Lodge Hall, Metropolitan Building. Sunday School at 10 a. m. Preaching services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. G. A. Blair, minister. The public is cordially invited to attend.

St. Pauls Methodist Episcopal Church

Cor. Grand and Maple Avenues, (one block from the Post Office.) Regular Sunday services—Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. Sermon at 7:30 p. m. Sunday school classes for all ages at 10:00 a. m. Epworth League at 6:30 p. m.

Prayer services Wednesday at 7:45 p. m.

The public is made cordially welcome at all our services.

"A home-like church."

D. RALSTON, Pastor.

Sunday morning Rev. Rutledge of San Francisco will preach. There will be special singing. Come to the Sunday morning service. The pastor will preach in the evening on the subject, "The All-Sufficiency of Christ." Come and bring your friends.

Remember the Epworth League service at 6:30 p. m., led by Miss Daggett.

to prepare an ordinance providing that the same rate (\$1 minimum) that prevailed last year be put into effect this year.

Street Inspector Healey reported on some repairs he had made on Swift Avenue.

Trustee Hickey wanted the board to authorize some repairs to be made on the Mission Road, near the 12-Mile House, but no action was taken.

A resolution authorizing Chairman Hynding to act as agent for the city in obtaining leases of land now occupied by the fire department hose houses was adopted.

The board authorized the street committee to improve Grand Avenue from San Bruno Road to Maple Avenue, with rock from Peck's quarry.

Upon the advice of City Attorney Styles, the board decided that party primaries will not be held to elect candidates for party nominations, but instead, all candidates for city offices will have their names placed on an independent ballot by petition.

Attorney Styles was requested to draw up an ordinance to that effect and present it to the board at its next meeting.

City Clerk Smith was authorized to have the necessary election printing done.

The following claims against the city for the month of January were then allowed: Recorder McSweeney, fees, \$9; H. E. Styles, notarial work, \$10; Gus Saunders, merchandise, \$2.25; A. Gibson, trimming trees, \$7; Wells-Fargo Company, express charges, 60 cents; M. F. Healy, labor, \$18.75; A. G. Bissett, labor with team on streets, \$20; P. Hughes, street work, \$9; J. M. Henning, street work, \$12; L. Miller, street work, \$2.25; P. L. Kauffman, cleaning fire hose, \$3; N. Hanley, street work, \$4; John Ties, street work, \$5.50; J. Gorman, street work, \$9; R. E. Revalk & Co. typewriter machine and supplies, \$90.75; W. J. Smith, fees and stamps, \$16.50; South San Francisco Power and Light Co., lights, \$41.60; W. J. Martin, hall rent, \$10; James Quinn, street work, \$19; John Quinn, street work, \$19; Thos. Quinn, street work, \$2; Ed. Boretti, street work, \$10.50; H. W. Kneese, fees, \$19.25; A. Holson, street work, \$9; Thos. Graham, street work, \$9; P. Drumm, street work, \$8; H. Gaerdes, freight bill, \$3.50; Studebaker Bros., freight bill, \$3.60.

Advertise in THE ENTERPRISE

DRAYAGE AND EXPRESSAGE

KAUFFMANN BROS.

Light and Heavy Hauling promptly attended to. Baggage and Freight transferred to and from Railroads, Hotels, Residences, Etc., at reasonable rates.

CONNECTIONS WITH ALL TRAINS

WOOD AND COAL HAY AND GRAIN

Office: With Wells, Fargo & Co.
Phone, Main 224 Grand Ave.

Begin By Saving Some, No Matter How Little

Small Savings accumulate faster than one would imagine.

THE AMERICAN BOY

thinks little of a Quarter, and his big brother scatters Dollars recklessly. Too many say: "What good will ONE hundred dollars do me?" They need to profit by the thrifty ones who have economized and saved not only their FIRST hundred, but also their second and third.

DON'T WAIT FOR YOUR SALARY TO BE RAISED,
Begin to Save NOW.

BANK OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

South San Francisco Railroad Time Table

BAY SHORE CUTOFF.

NORTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:13 A. M.
7:23 A. M.
7:43 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
8:03 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
8:43 A. M.
(Except Sunday)
9:23 A. M.
9:53 A. M.
12:52 P. M.
3:01 P. M.
(Except Sunday)
5:23 P. M.
7:03 P. M.
7:13 P. M.

SOUTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:37 A. M.
8:36 A. M.
10:57 A. M.
11:57 A. M.
2:23 P. M.
3:16 P. M.
4:37 P. M.
5:57 P. M.
6:47 P. M.
12:02 P. M.
(Theatre Train)

SHUTTLE SERVICE

From San Francisco via Valencia Street, and to San Francisco via Bay Shore Cutoff.

6:25 a. m.
(Except Sunday)
6:20 p. m.
(Except Sunday)
7:19 p. m.
(Except Sunday)

From San Francisco via Bay Shore Cutoff, and to San Francisco via Valencia Street.

5:45 a. m.
(Except Sunday)
5:24 p. m.
(Except Sunday)
6:25 p. m.
(Except Sunday)

POST OFFICE.

Post Office open from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M. Sundays, 8 A. M. to 9 A. M. Money order office open from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M. Mails leave Post Office twenty minutes before trains.

* NORTHBOUND DISPATCH.
8:03 A. M.
12:13 P. M.
3:43 P. M.
7:13 P. M.

† SOUTHBOUND DISPATCH.
6:37 A. M.
11:57 A. M.
3:17 P. M.

* Mails from south arrive.
† Mails from north arrive.
E. E. CUNNINGHAM, P. M.

CITY OFFICIALS

TRUSTEES—A. Hynding (President), H. Gaerdes, H. Edwards, Thos. Hickey, D. McSweeney.
Clerk.....W. J. Smith
Treasurer.....C. L. Kauffmann
Recorder.....A. McSweeney
City Attorney.....H. E. Styles
Marshal.....H. W. Kneese
Night Watchman.....W. P. Acheson
Garbage Collector.....A. G. Bissett
Poundmaster.....D. Clements
BOARD OF HEALTH—Dr. H. G. Plymire, E. E. Cunningham, Wm. Hickey, E. N. Brown, Geo. Kneese (Secretary), Inspector, A. T. Smith.
SCHOOL TRUSTEES—Chas. Robinson, J. Kelly, J. O. Snyder.

County Officials

Judge Superior Court.....G. H. Buck
Treasurer.....P. P. Chamberlain
Tax Collector.....C. L. McCracken
District Attorney.....J. J. Bullock
Assessor.....C. D. Hayward
County Clerk.....Joseph H. Nash
County Recorder.....John F. Johnston
Sheriff.....Robert Chatham
Auditor.....Henry Underhill
Superintendent of Schools.....Roy Cloud
Coroner and Public Adm.....Dr. H. G. Plymire
Surveyor.....James B. Neuman
Health Officer.....W. G. Beattie, M. D.

Officials—First Township

Supervisor.....James T. Casey
Justice of the Peace.....A. McSweeney
Constable.....Bob Carroll
Postmaster.....E. E. Cunningham

If you want to sell anything—a house, a lot, a horse, a cow—or want to rent a house, rooms or flat—advertise in THE ENTERPRISE.

WASHINGTON'S DECISION.

How the General Settled a Point of Military Law.

By EVAN C. MATHEWS.
(Copyright, 1910, by American Press Association.)

"Where are you going, daughter?" "I am going to skate down the river toward West Point to meet Jimmie." This bit of dialogue occurred in a house located but a few hundred yards from Washington's headquarters at Newburg.

Colonel Cogswell hastened to headquarters, where he joined the general, who was busy over reports of assistants authorized to collect commissary and quartermaster's stores. Katherine, leaving the high ground, descended to the river bank, where she put on her skates, then, with her hands in her muff, skated gracefully southward.

Meanwhile James Muldrough, lieutenant in the Continental artillery, stationed at West Point, having been de-



DRAGS THE GIRL OUT OF THE WATER.

layed by some details pertaining to his duties, started to meet his sweetheart. He had barely reached the village of Cornwall when he saw far in the distance a dim figure which the quick eye of love told him was Katherine. There was but one other person visible to him on the ice, and that was a man who had just started from the west bank and was pursuing a course directly across the river.

Then Muldrough saw something that filled him with horror. The girl's figure, while he looked at it, suddenly disappeared. There was no obstacle between him and her, and he knew that she had skated into a dreaded air hole. Too far from her to assist her, it seemed impossible that she should escape death unless it might be that she could get her hands on firm ice. There was scarcely a ray of hope.

But hold! The man crossing the river sees the accident. He is but a short distance from the point where she has fallen. He changes his direction and skates rapidly over the 500 yards that separate them. He lies flat on the ice, drags the girl out of the water and endeavors to stand her on her feet. Presently he succeeds, and the two hand in hand, skate northward, at first very slowly, then gradually increasing their pace.

The lieutenant understood all this. Katherine's clothing was soaked with ice water, and the only hope for her was to keep the blood moving through her veins by as violent exercise as she could stand. He was skating with all his strength, but they had preceded him by too long a start for him to overtake them. He called to them, but they did not hear him. He was not far behind them when, taking off their skates, they left the river and started up the incline toward Katherine's home. Following them, he entered the house just as the man who had performed the rescue was leaving it.

The two men stopped short, each looking at each other.

"Captain Abernathy!" exclaimed Muldrough.

"Lieutenant Muldrough, at your service," replied the other.

Captain Abernathy of his majesty's cavalry had been captured in the Ramapo valley a month before and had been confined as a prisoner of war at West Point. Lieutenant Muldrough had been in charge of the prisoners at the post, had befriended Abernathy, and the two, though on opposite sides of the struggle, had formed a warm friendship. Muldrough was as-

tonished to see the British captain under the present circumstances, for he had supposed him to be in the military prison.

"How did you come here?" asked Muldrough.

"Found an opportunity for escape, and had I not turned aside to assist a lady?"

"And save a life," interrupted Muldrough.

"I would have by this afternoon been on board a man-of-war bearing the cross of St. George on her banner. In other words, I would no longer be a prisoner of war."

"Come in. My first business is to ascertain the condition of Miss Cogswell. I shall not forget that you have saved her life." A shadow passed over Muldrough's face as he remembered that it would be his duty to return to prison the man who but for saving that life—a life dearer than all the world to him—would have regained his freedom.

The two entered the house, where Muldrough asked anxiously after Katherine's condition, to learn that she was receiving proper attention.

Meanwhile Colonel Cogswell had learned of the accident and come hastening into the house. Having been informed that everything that could be done for his daughter was being done, he turned to the two men.

"Is it to you, sir," he asked Captain Abernathy, "that I owe my daughter's life?"

"It is, colonel," Muldrough said. "Without this gentleman's assistance our Katherine would now be in the river under the ice."

"And pray, sir," asked the colonel, "to whom am I indebted for this invaluable service?"

Captain Abernathy and Lieutenant Muldrough looked at each other. Then Abernathy said:

"I will not trouble Lieutenant Muldrough to tell you that. I am Captain George Abernathy of his majesty's service, and a prisoner of war. This morning before daylight I found a loophole for escape, the sentry stationed at my door being dead tired and asleep. I walked out unobserved and under cover of the darkness skirted the river north of Fort Clinton. Traversing the pass through the mountains, I stopped after daylight at a house where I found a friendly Tory, who gave me breakfast and these citizen's clothes. I was crossing the river with a view to going down on the other side to board one of our men-of-war below when I saw your daughter in peril. You know the rest."

While this brief explanation of how matters had come about was being given Colonel Cogswell's brow was darkening. He saw that the man to whom he was infinitely indebted, whom he would like to load with favors, must be sent back under guard to prison. Then, too, he remembered that the Continental army had suffered greatly from the work of spies, and recently orders had been issued that wherever such were found they should be tried by drumhead court martial and hanged. Captain Abernathy having changed his uniform for citizen's clothing brought him, according to the military code, under the letter of the law as a spy.

"Your service to me, sir, and to Lieutenant Muldrough," he said, "puts me under an obligation that is incalculable, but your kindly act has placed us in a painful position. Why, may I ask, did you not retain your uniform?"

"I could not have hoped to pass through territory in the hands of your troops in my dress as a British officer."

"Yet in assuming the dress of a civilian you risked a felon's death."

"I took my chances and lost."

Colonel Cogswell looked troubled. There was but one man who could rectify any damage that might have been done—the general in chief—and he had issued the order with reference to spies.

"There is but one hope for us," said the colonel gloomily, "and that is in the magnanimity of our noble general in chief. But what view he may take of the matter it is impossible to predict. Whether he will consider that the letter and not the spirit of his order has been violated, whether he will be willing to appear as one breaking his own law, no one but himself can decide. Come; let us go to him."

They were about to leave the room when a voice was heard at the head of the stairs:

"Papa, if it had not been for my preserver I would now be— Oh, it is horrible! I can't bear to think of it! If any harm comes to him I will never forgive you, even if you are my dear father. And you, Jimmie, if you let any trouble come to him you must give me up."

"Hush, darling!" said her father in infinite pain. "Keep quiet and keep warm. You should not have been permitted to overhear our conversation."

"I am glad," said the British captain, "that I have heard your daughter's words. If I must pay the penalty of the risk I assumed I shall be comforted by them."

The three men left the house and walked to the headquarters of the gen-

eral in chief. Washington rose as they entered and, advancing to Colonel Cogswell, pressed his hand, asking eagerly after the condition of his daughter. After assuring the general that she was in no immediate danger he said:

"And now, general, I have to introduce the man who has preserved her to us, Captain George Abernathy of the British army."

General Washington's face changed from sympathy to curiosity, then assumed a serious cast. "And how comes it," he asked, "that Captain Abernathy is not in uniform?"

"Lieutenant Muldrough," interposed the colonel, "will explain."

Muldrough told the story of Abernathy's capture, their friendship, Abernathy's escape and timely coming upon Katherine Cogswell. General Washington listened till he had finished, and the three men stood awaiting the general's decision. It did not come at once, but when it came it was spoken with the decision of a commander:

"Captain Abernathy, there is no evidence other than your clothing that you are a spy. There is sufficient evidence that you are not. I shall send a flag of truce to the commander in New York asking him to nominate one of our captains in his possession of the same rank as yours to be exchanged for you. Meanwhile I will accept your parole to remain with us, and I shall be happy to have you and Colonel Cogswell and Lieutenant Muldrough dine with me today."

TO TEACH CHILDREN FARMING

Experimental Plats Planned For Nebraska District Schools.

"The Nebraska farmer will find his future increased yields of corn and wheat in cultivation rather than in selected seed," said W. R. Mellor, secretary of the Nebraska state board of agriculture, the other day at Lincoln, Neb. "Because I believe this I have recommended to the state board a plan of establishing an experimental station on every county farm and, in addition, the establishment of an experimental plat adjoining every district schoolhouse."

"The large, well equipped experimental station does good work, but it does not get close enough to the farmer. If his children come home from school full of the experiments worked out on the adjoining plat the farmer is bound to take notice and to incorporate these new ideas with his work. As soon as that is done we will see larger crops. We are near the limit of increase depending alone on seed quality. Some scheme of more practical education now is needed. I may draft a bill for the state legislature embodying these ideas."

Secretary Mellor's theory has created much comment, being opposed directly to the scheme of most educators which aims at the establishment of a few experimental stations in the state, each of them well housed and well equipped. Some knowledge of agriculture would be required of teachers under the proposed plan. Provision for training of teachers along this line would be included in the proposed legislation.

NEWSPAPER FOR INDIANS.

Five Native Languages to Be Used in the Degwannis Ahcheeta.

An Indian newspaper will be established in a few days at Muscogee, Okla. Chiefs of the Five Civilized Tribes and other influential Indians are backing the movement. The paper will be edited by Augustus W. Ivey of Stillwell, a Cherokee, and will appear weekly. It will be known as the Degwannis Ahcheeta, which means "Farm and Fireside."

The Cherokee, Creek, Choctaw, Seminole and Chickasaw tongues will be represented. That portion of the paper intended for Cherokees will be printed in the Cherokee characters. The news of the other tribes will be printed in the English alphabet.

There will be no politics in the paper. Its purpose will be "to educate the Indian in the duties of citizenship and remove from his mind his stubborn prejudice against the white man."

Feature of Chicago Automobile Show.

An expenditure of more than \$75,000 is to be made for decorations for the Chicago automobile show to be held Feb. 5 to 12 in the Coliseum and First regiment armory under the auspices of the National Association of Automobile Manufacturers. The scenery is now being prepared by a large force of artisans under the direction of Manager Samuel A. Miles. The largest piece of canvas painting ever displayed at an exhibition of any kind in the United States, according to Mr. Miles, is to be hung in the roof of the Coliseum during the show. The scene depicted on the canvas is a thickly wooded forest with a blue sky. The whole piece will be 300 feet long by 180 feet wide and on account of its huge dimensions is being built in sections.

FRATERNAL DIRECTORY

TIPPECANOE TRIBE No. 111, I. O. R. M., meets every Thursday evening at 8 p. m. in Metropolitan Hall. Visiting Bros. welcome.

H. W. KNEESE, Sachem.
Geo. E. Keissling, Keeper of Records.

SOUTH CITY AERIE No. 1473, F. O. E., meets every Tuesday evening in Metropolitan Hall at 8 p. m. Julius Eikerenkotter, Worthy President. Harry Edwards, Secretary. Visiting brothers welcome.

SAN MATEO LODGE, No. 7, JOURNEYMEN BUTCHERS, P. and B. A., meets every first and third Thursdays in Metropolitan Hall, at 8 p. m.

J. M. COSTER, President
C. L. KAUFFMANN, Secretary.

HOTELS

Linden Hotel

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Vandenberg have again taken charge of this hotel, and will serve patrons in a first-class manner.

Board and Room, \$5 per Week

206-210 LINDEN AVENUE

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. H. G. PLYMIRE

Surgeon

Office. Hours
500 Grand Avenue 1 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.

DR. GEO. H. JUILLY

Physician and Surgeon

Office: 411 Linden Ave., South San Francisco, California.
Office Hours: 3 to 7 p. m. on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Tel.
Residence and Sanitarium, San Mateo.

Dr. J. C. McGovern

DENTIST

OFFICE: South San Francisco
Kauffmann Building San Mateo Co.

San Mateo County Building and Loan Association

Assets \$246,000.

Loans made on the Monthly Definite Contract Plans, paying in from 5 to 12 years as may be desired, with privilege of partial or total repayment before maturity.

No premiums or unnecessary expense.

GEO. W. LOVIE, secretary,
Redwood City, Cal

REAL ESTATE TIPS

Buy a lot to build on.
Build your own house.
Follow the line of travel.
Buy where you can live.
The best place to live is where you can earn a living.

This industrial town is the place.

E. E. CUNNINGHAM & Co.,
Real Estate Agent

Good Printing

Is the art of putting into another mind what is in your own.

IT IS A SUBTLE METHOD OF SUGGESTION

It is a means of making a favorable impression.

To have the best results, it must be the best printing.

That we are prepared to give you.

WALK RIGHT IN

PATENTS

promptly obtained in all countries, or NO FEE. TRADE-MARKS, Caveats and Copyrights registered. Send Sketch, Model or Photo, for free report on patentability. ALL BUSINESS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. Patent practice exclusively. Surpassing references. Widespread inventors should have our handbook on How to obtain and Sell patents. What inventions will pay. How to get a partner, and other valuable information. Sent free to any address.

D. SWIFT & CO.,
501 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.

FOUNDERS OF THE CITY OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

THE SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY designed in its original plan to make of South San Francisco a great manufacturing center. With that object in view, it originally purchased 3500 acres of land in San Mateo County, on the bay front, five miles south of the City of San Francisco. Since the original purchase, the company has added greatly to its holdings by the purchase of large tracts of adjoining lands, giving to it a perfect environment for the complete development of a great manufacturing city.

The faith which this Company had in its enterprise has been manifest to everyone by the large expenditure it has made in the development of this property. Every foundation which goes to make a perfect condition for manufacture has been already solidly installed, and

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

is a rapidly growing city; it is a railroad terminal; it is on the main line of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and accessible to all railroads; has deep water communication; owns and operates for its industries a railroad connecting with the Southern Pacific and the water front; has electric street car service from factory to Town, and direct to San Francisco; has an Electric Light and Power Company; owns an independent Water Works, and has an abundance of fresh water for factory and house; has wharves and docks; a perfect sewerage system; a Bank and a Town Hall; and a population of over 3000 people; an extensive and fine residence district, where everyone may secure lands at reasonable prices and on favorable terms, as homes for themselves and their families.

FACTORY SITES

can be obtained from the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company on most reasonable terms.

The completion of the Bay Shore Tunnels has placed South San Francisco on the main lines of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and forty passenger trains per day connect it with the outside world.

With the completion of the Dumbarton Bridge and Cutoff, now rapidly being constructed, South San Francisco will have all railroads which center in San Francisco passing through its midst.

Many industries are already established here, chief of which are the Western Meat Company, the Wool Pullery, the Soap Works, the Baden Brick Company, Pacific Jupiter Steel Company, the Steiger Pottery Works, the W. P. Fuller White Lead Works, the South San Francisco Lumber and Supply Company, and other enterprises, all of which are in full operation to-day. The American Smelting and Refining Company has purchased over 300 acres of land in South San Francisco for the purpose of erecting a great plant, which they estimate will cost upwards of \$5,000,000. The Doak Sheet Steel Company has purchased a large tract of land and has already commenced the construction of a large rolling mill. Other factories have recently made purchases, and South San Francisco is plainly destined to fulfill all that its promoters had hoped.

For Manufacturing Purposes, South San Francisco Has No Equal on San Francisco Bay

PARTIES DESIRING LOCATIONS SHOULD APPLY TO

W. J. MARTIN, Land Agent, South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.
South San Francisco, San Mateo County, California.

WESTERN MEAT COMPANY

BEEF AND PORK PACKERS

SLAUGHTERERS OF

CATTLE

HOGS

SHEEP

and

CALVES

PRIMROSE HAMS AND BACON

GOLDEN GATE PURE LARD

PACKING HOUSE AND STOCK YARDS LOCATED AT



SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

San Mateo County, - - - - - California

THE ENTERPRISE

Published every Saturday by the
Enterprise Publishing Co.
Everett I. Woodman, Manager.

Entered at the Postoffice at South San Francisco, Cal., as second-class matter, December 19, 1895.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year, in advance.....\$2 00
Six Months ".....1 00
Three Months ".....50

Advertising rates furnished on application.

Office on Linden Avenue near Bank.

SATURDAY FEBRUARY 19, 1910



NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

ENTERPRISE subscribers are requested to notify this office immediately if they do not receive their papers promptly each week.

THE LAW AND PRIZE FIGHTS.

If it will not be regarded as presumption on part of a mere newspaper scribe, we would like to call the attention of the Honorable District Attorney of San Mateo County to certain provisions of the law touching prize fights in this State.

The particular portion of the law we have in mind, and which we humbly beg to call the attention of San Mateo County's distinguished District Attorney, is Section 795 of the Penal Code of the State of California, which is in words and figures as follows:

"Sec. 795. Jurisdiction on Certain Cases. The Jurisdiction of a Violation of Sections four hundred and twelve, four hundred and thirteen and four hundred and fourteen of the Penal Code, or a conspiracy to violate either of said sections, is, in any county:

1. In which any act is done towards the commission of the offense; or,
2. Into, out of, or through which the offender passed to commit the offense; or
3. Where the offender is arrested."

This section taken in conjunction with Sections 412, 413 and 414 form a formidable and stringent anti-prize fight law.

Under the law, as set forth in the aforesaid sections, the trustees of Richmond, who have granted a permit for the Nelson-Wolgast prize fight, are amenable to punishment for aiding and abetting a prize fight, which is a felony.

Under the law, if a man trains in one county, and fights in another, the courts of either county would have jurisdiction over the offense. It may not be amiss in this connection to remark that Nelson is training at Millett's, in the First Township of this county, and the Hon. District Attorney has an opportunity to begin his righteous war on fightdom by filing an information against Nelson and all his trainers.

Under the law the courts of any county have jurisdiction into, out of, or through which the offender or offenders pass to engage in a prize fight. Under the law any offender may be tried in any county where arrested.

The law is plain enough and strong enough, and it is up to the District Attorney and Sheriff of San Mateo County to put an end to prize fighting in this county.

Get busy, gentlemen, and earn your salaries by a straight-forward,

fearless, thorough enforcement of the law.

The American people elected W. H. Taft President. They have not lost faith in him in this time of his trial. They believe the pledges of the Republican party to carry to consummation the Roosevelt reform policies were made in good faith, and that President Taft honestly intends to make good the pledges of his party as fully as it in his power so to do. The people understand the difficulties that beset the President. They understand that a majority of Republican Senators and Representatives in Congress are opposed to the Roosevelt program of policies. President Taft will make the best possible out of this present session of Congress. If the reactionaries balk and defeat him, the people will have a word to say next November, and after that word is said, Taft will have a majority in Congress, whether those constituting that majority call themselves Republicans, Democrats or Independents.

It may not be amiss nor inopportune to remark that, whereas Honorable Joseph John Bullock, District Attorney in and for San Mateo County, on Tuesday, February 8th, publicly, before the Board of Supervisors of San Mateo County, did declare and assert that while he (the Hon. Bullock) is District Attorney that there will be no more prize fights in San Mateo County;

And whereas, the hearing on the application to revoke the license granted to Coffroth, otherwise known as "Sunshine Jimmy," comes on for hearing before said Board of Supervisors, on Monday next, February 21st, the people of San Mateo County will await with interest and expectancy the action of the Honorable Bullock at said meeting.

GLOBE SIGHTS.

Very few words mean much. If you keep right, other things will keep right.

A man pursues bad luck oftener than bad luck pursues him.

A man who is willing to live by his wits is willing to steal.

A man who spends all his time following a leader, never gets very far.

Repentance would look better if it didn't so often take the form of an effort to dodge the consequences.

You have a perfect right to kick on taxes, but it is better to pay them to the county treasurer than the bartender.

Whenever a Christian Scientist leaves town without giving everybody her address, and telling everybody where she is going, a rumor arises that she has entered some hospital for an operation.—Atchison Globe.

LETTER LIST.

List of letters remaining unclaimed at South San Francisco, Cal., February, Cal., February 18, 1910:

DOMESTIC

Cabral, M. J.; Furtado, Jos.; Brown, Mr. and Mrs. H.; Chism, W.; Hattikon, Anna; Herzog, Frank; Hoskin, Will; Klimovitch, Obren; Ladoni, T.; Larson, M. L.; Myers, Chas.; Olsen, Mrs.; O'Brien, Patrick; Pape, Chas.; Paine, Mr.; Rugani, Alfredo; Connelly, Mrs. Thomas; Constante, Martin.

FOREIGN

Fischer, Paul, Frangesco, Luciti; Hill Leonard; Majouret, Julien; Meuben, Arthur; Odgers, N. H.; Paoletti, Leonie; Petersen, Christian; Poey, Maurice; Silva, Linsda.

E. E. CUNNINGHAM, P. M.

For Rent—Four-room bungalow, \$5 per month. Inquire L. L. Dibble, Peck's Lots.

Subscribe for THE ENTERPRISE.

DON'T FAIL TO SEE "M'INTYRE-HEATH IN HAYTI."

The reappearance in San Francisco of the oldest firm of laughmakers in the theatrical world is to begin February 21, when Klaw and Erlanger's new laughing trust, "McIntyre and Heath in Hayti," will appear at The Van Ness Theater with a special matinee Washington's Birthday.

The former production built around the fun-making abilities of McIntyre and Heath have had remarkable praise for their greatness of scenic display the vivacious breakneck pace and tuneful singing of their dainty chorus of girls; but this season Klaw and Erlanger are said to have elaborated upon past successes to give these famous stars the best support they have ever had.

"In Hayti" is a musical comedy by John J. McNally, with music and lyrics by Jerome and Schwartz, and has sixteen numbers each brimming with dash and paprika—both book and music being typically modern.

The story tells of one of the common and shortlived revolutions in Hayti in which two American financiers—a stranded theatrical company—young lovers and a pair of rollicking "cullud folks"—become so mixed up that the affair is taken quite beyond the control of the Haytian populace, and explosions of mirth are more frequent than those of the gatling guns.

The company is a brilliant one and up of high salaried players of reputation. In addition to McIntyre and Heath, who now appear to be at the zenith of their comic power, there is Julian Rose, fresh from the greatest success ever made by an American vaudeville player in Europe; Alfred Fisher, Carl McCullough, John H. Pratt, Fletcher Norton, Otto Johnson, Marian Stanley, last season prima donna with the Rogers Brothers, Jane Burby, Carrie Reynolds, Lena Mer-ville, and many others.

The chorus of sixty girls may be depended upon to be the pick of stage beauty, and with the dynamic vivacity of the many dances and the brilliant costuming, Klaw and Erlanger may be said to have provided a real invigorant for the jaded theatergoer.

CANNON TURNS A JOKE.

Speaker Almost Asked Insurgent to Preside Over House.

Speaker Cannon of the house and Representative Victor Murdock of Kansas, one of the "insurgent" leaders, figured in a little incident the other day that convulsed the house. The house was resolving itself into a committee of the whole to consider the agricultural bill, and the speaker cast his eye about to find some one to preside. Foster of Vermont and Malby of New York were absent.

Away up in front, in one of the most prominent seats in the chamber, was Murdock, who has fought the speaker and his rules.

"The chair will ask the gentleman from Kansas"—and from the members came the cry "Murdock, Murdock"—but the speaker calmly, amid a roar of laughter, added, "the gentleman from Kansas, Mr. Campbell, to take the chair."

PUTTING NEW FACE ON HIM.

St. Louis Driver Having His Countenance Reconstructed.

When Thomas Herbert of St. Louis leaves the City hospital in that city he will have a brand new face. Half a dozen physicians and surgeons are now making it for him, and they promise such an improvement over the face that nature gave him that even his best girl will not know him.

While driving a wagon the other day he fell off, and a wheel passed over his face. The hospital physicians found thirty-three fractures in the bones in the face. In fixing him up it was necessary to remodel his face entirely along new lines. They are now wiring the bones so they will knit, re-adjusting the flesh so as to give the face symmetry and character.

Young Sidis' Sense of Location.

Of all the strange stories going the rounds about William J. Sidis, the boy marvel at Harvard, the strangest and one that is touched for is that he has no sense of location and has to be led from place to place. He goes from building to building at Harvard university, but it is said he cannot go from one town to another without a companion.

SAN BRUNO ITEMS

[CORRESPONDENCE]

The residents of San Bruno are asked to kindly furnish such news items as will be of interest, sending the same to our correspondent, Geo. V. C. Bacon, San Bruno, who will see that they are given due publicity. It is the desire to this paper to make the columns devoted to the San Bruno section of the county a complete summary of all that has transpired since the previous issue, and to do this it will be necessary to ask the co-operation of the residents. Any items of local or general interest will be thankfully received. Kindly hand them to Mr. Bacon any time before Thursday night in order to ensure their publication in the following Saturday's issue. Sample copies of this paper may be obtained, gratis, from Mr. Bacon.

Last Monday evening was marked at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Grady by a valentine party given by them to the Dorcas Society and to a few of their more intimate friends. The evening was very pleasantly spent in playing games appropriate to the occasion, singing and by an elaborate lunch to which all present did full justice. Among those present were noted Mr. and Mrs. Otto Tuska, Mr. and Mrs. G. V. C. Bacon, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Liddle, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Smith, Mrs. E. C. Doyle, Mrs. Nettie Rule, and Masters Walter Tuska and Stanley Doyle.

On Thursday evening the school meeting of the San Bruno school district was held at Town Hall and the matter of choosing a site and instructing the school trustees to proceed at once with the erection of the long-delayed schoolhouse was, it is hoped, decisively settled. Much personal feeling has been engendered between the parties favoring each of the two school sites, and owing to the distribution of literature by various parties, much opposition and strife was expected at the election. Contrary to this expectation, however, the meeting passed off quietly, with but little excitement, owing possibly to the presence of Sheriff Chatham and Constable Carroll, as well as deputies Green and Seivers. The election was to determine whether the new school house should be built on the sixteen lots which the school district owns in Huntington Park or the three lots which are owned in San Bruno Park. The result of the election showed plainly that the Huntington Park site was desired, as there were 115 votes for it and 86 votes against. Now that the matter is settled, the school trustees will undoubtedly advertise for bids in the course of the next two or three weeks, and before very long our children will be housed in adequate and suitable accommodations.

The stork has been making this town the object of his solicitude lately. Mrs. Hultberg, Mrs. Noyer and Mrs. Beltramo have all been visited by him.

After many months of failing health Mr. Holliday, father of W. N. Holliday, Fourth Addition, has passed away, leaving this earth at 6:15 Wednesday afternoon. Born and brought up in Ohio, he came to this State a few years ago to pass the sunset of his life amid the flowers and in the climate which are so grateful to all. He would have been 85 years old next April, but he was satisfied to go, and fell asleep, peacefully and without pain. He was an Odd Fellow, and his brothers will officiate at his funeral, assisted by Rev. Null and Rev. Ralston. The ceremonies will take place at the home of his son, W. N. Holliday, Fourth Addition, at 2:30 Saturday afternoon and the interment will be at Cypress Lawn.

Last Sunday afternoon while Mrs. Ricci was standing in front of Green's Hall an unknown young man about 19 years old suddenly snatched the bag that she had in her hand and which contained a purse with a large sum of money and made off with it. Her loud screams, however, evidently frightened the miscreant, for he dropped the bag and ran off across fields towards Huntington station, pursued by a number of men and boys. They soon returned, however, and reported that they had captured him, but that he had explained his act to their satisfaction and that they had released him and that he had taken the electric car for San Francisco.

While the school meeting was in progress on Thursday evening the report was brought to Sheriff Chatham at Town Hall that burglars were at work nearby. Investigation showed evidences of their work, but no trace of the perpetrators was to be found.

Maurice, the two-year-old son of W. E. Forrest, Third Addition, is dangerously ill with pneumonia, although the doctor in attendance expects he will recover.

Last Saturday evening the Harmonie Club gave an Old Clothes Masquerade which for attractiveness and enjoy-

ment was superior to any that has ever been given in this town. The affair was held in the clubhouse of the organization, about fifty couples being present, and the decorations, the odd and fanciful costumes and the music left nothing to be desired for its success. Among so many remarkable costumes it would be difficult to name those that were the most striking, but the picturesque costume of Mrs. A. J. Tucker, who was charmingly attired in a creation of black and white (the colors of the club) was easily the best, and she was awarded a beautiful souvenir accordingly. E. C. Doyle, as Happy Hooligan, received a similar souvenir for being the most original gentleman, acting as well as dressing his part to perfection. Refreshments were served and the meeting broke up at an early hour, owing to its being merely a family party, but the club is promising an entertainment and social for the second of April (the first Saturday night after Easter) that will transcend anything that has been given in this town, so far. Elaborate plans and preparations are being made, and all the members are saying, "Wait, we'll show you."

The five-months-old child of Thos. Lyman passed away on Monday afternoon. The parents have our heartfelt sympathy.

The regular meeting of the Huntington Park Coffee Club was held on last Thursday afternoon, and was enjoyed by all who were present. B.

A Greater Loss.

Here is a laughable experience of Lord Sheffield. He was once walking down Piccadilly with a friend, to whom he explained that it would be impossible for any one to pick his pocket without his knowledge. Lord Sheffield's pocket handkerchief was hanging out, and his friend, having diverted his attention, quietly abstracted it. Instantly Lord Sheffield collared a seedy looking man who was passing and charged him with the theft, but the friend producing the handkerchief and explaining the joke, the unfortunate individual whom his lordship had so unceremoniously seized was released with many apologies. The man beat a hasty retreat, and shortly afterward Lord Sheffield discovered that he had lost his pocketbook.—London Express.

Sunset Shaving Parlor

MANUEL MONIZ, Prop.
316 Grand Avenue, South San Francisco
Tickets entitling holder to eight shaves can be purchased for one dollar.

MAGNOLIA HOTEL

FOURTH STREET
Santa Rosa, California
JOHN CLIFFORD, Prop.

When visiting Santa Rosa, stop at the Magnolia. Mr. Clifford would be pleased to see his old San Mateo County friends.

NOTICE OF SALE.

In the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of San Mateo.

MARGARET VAN ETTEN, Plaintiff, vs. CHARLES P. ROGERS and LEO STONE, Defendants.

Foreclosure of Mortgage, No. 3546.

Under and by virtue of an Order of Sale and Decree of Foreclosure, issued out of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of San Mateo, on the 13th day of January, A. D. 1910, in the above entitled action, wherein MARGARET VAN ETTEN, the above named plaintiff, obtained a judgment and decree against CHARLES P. ROGERS and LEO STONE on the 13th day of January, A. D. 1910, which said decree was, on the 13th day of January, A. D. 1910, recorded in Judgment Book 7 of said Court, at page 71, I am compelled to sell all and singular the mortgaged and encumbered property hereinafter particularly described and owned by the defendants herein, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy plaintiff's judgment, with interest thereon and costs, to the highest bidder for cash in gold coin of the United States.

The following is a description of the property:

All those certain lots in the tract of land known as Edgemar, situate in San Mateo County, State of California, as shown upon the map of Edgemar, subdivision number one (1), now on file in the office of the County Recorder of the County of San Mateo, and more particularly described as follows:

Lot thirty-five (35) in block "C"; Lot thirty-eight (38) in block "C"; Lot forty-two (42) in block "C"; Lot seventeen (17) in block "H"; Lot twenty (20) in block "G"; Lot nine (9) in block three (3); Lot six (6) in block "F"; and Lot thirty (30) in block two (2) and lot fifteen (15) in block "A."

Notices hereby given that on SATURDAY, the 26th day of February, A. D. 1910, at 11 o'clock a. m. of that day, in front of the Court House (temporary) at Redwood City, in the County of San Mateo, State of California, I will, in obedience to said order of sale and decree of foreclosure, sell all the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the plaintiff's judgment, with interest and costs, etc., to the highest bidder, for cash, in gold coin of the United States.

Dated this 29th day of January, A. D. 1910.

ROBERT S. CHATHAM, Sheriff of San Mateo County.

By F. T. BARTLETT, Under Sheriff.

PLANS OF THE WRIGHT BROTHERS

Aviators to Use Funds From Exhibitions In Tests.

WILBUR TELLS OF THEIR HOPES

Their Work, He Says, From Now on Will Be Experimental, Both In the Laboratory and In the Air—How They Expect to Improve Their Machine—To Encourage Experimenting.

Wilbur Wright, the aviator, does not smoke. He does like to fool a little time away with highly striped ice cream. He was enjoying his favorite dissipation surrounded by his counsel, H. A. Toulmin of Springfield, O., and Pliny W. Williamson and J. B. Smith of New York city. A reporter lingering near was waiting for the aviator to satisfy his taste before inquiring into his plans. The place was the Underwriters' club, New York, the time early afternoon of a recent day.

"An odd thing happened in our office a little while ago," said Mr. Williamson. "A man from Indiana unfolded a scheme in which he solicited our co-operation. He said he came to us because we are counsel for the Wright company and he was promoting something that he thought we would like to handle on that account. He called it the National Mausoleum company—something new in apartment burial houses was its strong feature—and—"

"The Wright company will not have the kind of byproducts that that chap needs to make his patent mausoleum pay," said Mr. Wright, enjoying the incident.

Planning For Experiments.

Continuing in a serious manner, the aviator said:

"The whole problem of aeronautics calls for the conservation of the means that will make further experimental work possible. If flying machines can be made absolutely safe there will be no difficulty about finding a market for them. To do that will require experimentation; to carry on experiments takes money. Where is the money to come from? Not from the sale of machines for a year or two.

"The profits derived from satisfying the public curiosity in all the big cities of the country will enable my brother and I to develop the art. Such money should be conserved for the development of flying machines, and it is our intention to make such use, to a considerable extent, of moneys received from such exhibitions."

He added that neither he nor his brother would personally exhibit the Wright machines. Several men trained for that purpose at his company's aviation field in Florida would give the public exhibitions.

Mr. Wright will select a testing field in Florida. Sheds will be immediately constructed, and when everything is complete several aeroplanes will be shipped from the Wright factory at Dayton, O., and the two brothers will devote their time between now and spring in giving instruction to those aviators who remain to be selected.

Their Hopes and Intentions.

"They say you will choke the art if your patents are upheld in the courts," was suggested.

"Let men who pretend to fear such a result work as we did down at Kitty Hawk," he replied. "I don't suppose there will be very many lawsuits brought by our many law suits working for the development of the art. We never fussed with Her- rington or Curtiss while they were experimenting. We feel we have a right to proceed against a man who copies our machine and uses it for exhibition purposes or uses it for his personal pleasure to avoid having to buy a Wright machine. It is to our interest to encourage all experimental work. 'Choking the art' is furthest from our minds. If we can keep the other fellows who have infringed our patents from taking all the cream there'll be more butter made in the end."

He epitomized the hopes and intentions of himself and his brother by saying that the formation of the Wright company would enable them to do the experimental kind of flying they did at Kitty Hawk, N. C., before 1905.

"Our work from now on will be experimental—in the laboratory and in the air," he said. "Since 1905 we have been so busy catching trains, so to speak, that, in a broad sense, we were able then to do as well as we are able to do now. We think we can improve on our machine now that we shall have the time. Increased safety, added carrying capacity and one or two things that I am not at liberty to speak of are in prospect."

"THEM WAS ME ORDERS."

How Pat Diskin Came to Grief While Sawing a Beam.

Patrick Diskin, a carpenter employed on a new building at Beekman avenue and Oak terrace, the Bronx, New York, was told the other day to go to the fifth story and saw off a wooden beam which protruded from a window over the street.

He went up, got out on the end of the beam and carefully sawed it in two between himself and the window. He and the end of the beam fell together to the pavement. Neither was hurt much. The beam was a little bruised on one corner, and Patrick got a slight scalp wound.

He was taken to the Lebanon hospital merely as a matter of precaution, but the doctors there couldn't find any other injuries he had sustained. When asked why he had done such a thing he replied in some heat:

"Sure, them was me orders."

CHAMP CLARK FOR PRESIDENT

Enid, Okla., Organizes the First Club For the Purpose.

Representative Champ Clark, Democratic leader of the house, has been informed that the first "Champ Clark For President" club has been organized in Enid, Okla.



CHAMP CLARK.

ized in Enid, Okla. An official notification to that effect recently reached Mr. Clark.

Telegrams from Tulsa, Okla., have also been received by the minority leader nominating him for speaker of the next congress and then for president. Mr. Clark is not committing himself just now as to his candidacy for either office, he says.

GOLDWIN SMITH, THE AUTHOR

Anecdotes About Canada's Grand Old Man and Famous Historian.

Goldwin Smith, the famous historian, essayist, economist and Canada's "grand old man," who recently fell and broke his hip at his home, the Grange, in Toronto, Canada, was born at Reading, England, Aug. 23, 1823. He was educated at Eton and at Oxford, gained two scholarships and various prizes and was called to the English bar in 1847. He was regius professor of modern history at Oxford from 1858 to 1866 and later honorary professor of English and constitutional history at Cornell university. Dr. Smith has written many books on economics and history. His works are read throughout the world.

Dr. Smith's friends say that absolute fearlessness, mental and physical, has been his most pronounced characteristic. Once, when traveling from the far northwest through Minnesota to Toronto, he was annoyed by a bad man, who strutted up and down the car with two big pistols in his belt, defying everybody in sight to mortal combat. Most of the passengers wilted, but Dr. Smith looked the terror over calmly without moving a muscle.

The ruffian walked up to him and shouted, "Well, you don't reckon you can lick me, do you?"

"No," replied the old professor, "I don't think I could, but I am quite satisfied that some one should."

The real Goldwin Smith's preference has been to discuss horses and dogs and flowers rather than the destinies of nations. When he posed in his garden on one occasion for a photograph he was more anxious to get his dog properly placed than himself. Being presented with a copy later, he remarked with the enthusiasm of a schoolboy:

"Well, well! At last I have a photograph which shows me and my dog as we are. How delicious it is to be presented just as a man, leaving out all that stuff about a 'scholar' and a 'historian!' It is just a common dog, too—not a blooded animal, but a wail that secured a night's lodging at the Grange and liked the place so much that he has stayed here ever since."

ROOSEVELT FOR SOUTH POLE

Peary Hints at His Choice of Leader For the Expedition.

Commander Robert E. Peary, discoverer of the north pole, referred to Colonel Theodore Roosevelt the other day in connection with the antarctic expedition which he has proposed in a way to indicate that he believed Colonel Roosevelt should be chosen to lead the venture which has for its object the discovery of the south pole. Commander Peary spoke of Colonel Roosevelt as being familiar with the situation confronting antarctic explorers and gave him credit for sympathy with the proposed movement. He declined to say positively whether he meant that he would like to see Colonel Roosevelt at the head of the expedition.

Commander Peary made it clear that he himself would not take part in the south pole hunt. He said that he could not interfere with any inference drawn as to whether Colonel Roosevelt should lead the movement and added that he was not authorized or entitled to select a leader and that all he could say was that he (Peary) would not lead it.

Commander Peary said also that now was the psychological moment for the proposed dash to the south pole. It was the only time, in fact, he said. He declared that all that was needed were \$50,000 and the right man to lead and the southern pole was won. He referred to the vast amount of information in regard to the antarctic region that would be available for polar enthusiasts, much of it being information which had been collected by himself in his twenty-three years of north polar effort.

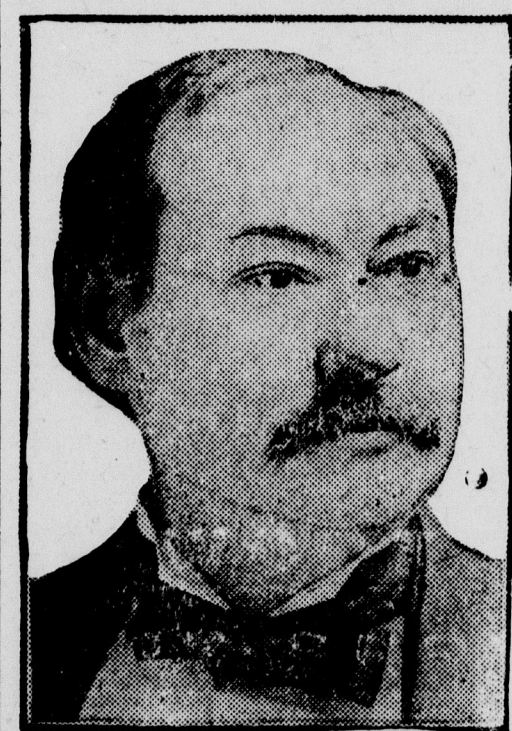
"It will be a crying shame for the United States and the American people to lose this magnificent opportunity which offers itself to them," he said. "A year from now our chances will be depreciated 50 per cent at least, if not more. Two years from now they will disappear entirely. With \$50,000 ready the expedition can be put into the field by the beginning of next fall."

Commander Peary said he had in his possession a letter from Captain Robert F. Scott, the British explorer, in which the latter said that the British antarctic explorers would do nothing to impede any American expedition, but really would welcome it.

COAL TO LOSE ITS PLACE.

Alcohol, Water and Wind to Furnish World's Power, Says Dr. Wiley.

Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, the government's chief chemist, told the house committee on expenditures in the agricultural department the other day how the department spent the money allotted to it. He said that by means of the polariscope test, by which the government supervises the grading of



DR. HARVEY W. WILEY.

sugar, the chemistry bureau had saved the government not less than \$10,000,000.

Another statement was that in fifty years alcohol, water and wind would bear the burden of furnishing the world's power, superseding in importance coal and petroleum and their products. Although Dr. Wiley admitted that at present there was not a farm still in the United States for the making of denatured alcohol, except the one at the government experiment station, he said it was only a matter of time before the farmers of the country would take up the manufacture of alcohol from their waste products.

There has been established at San Mateo Cal., Musicians' Protective Union, No. 535, A. F. of M. All musicians desiring to become members of this local will communicate with Chas. S. Noyes, P. O. Box 182, Burlingame, Cal. Charter will close February 24th, after which membership fee will be raised.

Rooms to Rent—Inquire at Baden Hotel, Linden Avenue, between Grand and Miller.

Spring Will Soon Be Here!

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY OF Spring and Summer Waists

Prices ranging from 65c to \$4.00

W. C. SCHNEIDER

227 GRAND AVENUE South San Francisco

COTTAGES FOR SALE OR RENT

APPLY TO

South San Francisco Land & Improvement Co

E. E. Cunningham & Co.,

REAL ESTATE AND FIRE INSURANCE

LOCAL AGENTS FOR THE

South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company.

AGENTS FOR

Aetna, American, California, Continental, Hartford, Connecticut, Home of New York, Phoenix of Hartford, Royal, and Westchester Fire Insurance Companies.

Notary Public and Conveyancer

OFFICE AT POSTOFFICE,

Corner Grand and Linden avenues, South San Francisco.

AMBROSE McSWEENEY

REAL ESTATE AND FIRE INSURANCE

CONVEYANCING NOTARY PUBLIC RENTING

Office, 310 Linden Avenue, South San Francisco, San Mateo Co.

Local Agent South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company
PECK'S LOTS—ON EASY TERMS—SAN BRUNO LOTS

OUR LETTER HEADS ARE



COME IN AND PLACE YOUR ORDER
WORK IS RIGHT --- PRICE IS RIGHT

WHY TAFT IS "LONESOME."

Callers of Certain Sorts Throng
to the White House.

CHUMS NOW WAIT TO BE ASKED

Most of the Visitors Want Something or Have Advice to Tender—The President Has Neither "Kitchen" Nor "Tennis" Cabinet—Experience of a Friend Who Called Uninvited.

The presidents before Roosevelt had "kitchen cabinets," Mr. Roosevelt had a "tennis cabinet," a kitchen cabinet under another name. Mr. Taft has neither a kitchen cabinet, a tennis cabinet nor even a golf cabinet. It was attempted to form one for him in the days immediately succeeding his inauguration last March, when he first began to go out to Chevy Chase and play a round over the links every fair afternoon. Senator Jonathan Bourne of Oregon qualified as caddy and wrap carrier, but the cabinet never formed. It is rather curious that none has been formed. Mr. Taft has a highly developed social instinct. He loves company; he is never happier than with a group of congenial, pleasant, story telling, laughing friends; he makes friends easily.

And now Mr. Taft confesses publicly to the newspaper correspondents at Washington that he is lonesome; that nobody drops in for a friendly, neighborly call. This shows how alert is the scrutiny and how rigid in the matter of making selections are his doorkeepers and secretaries. Many drop in at the White House and promptly drop out again without the president ever learning anything about them. Perhaps it is just as well. Most of the knockers at the gate who are turned away would add little to the president's happiness, nor would they supply the companionship he craves.

Most Visitors Want Something.

"Most of the people who go to the White House go to ask for something. Those who go to give have only advice to offer. Between the two classes they have precious little diversion to offer a tired man. The drawback to a kitchen cabinet from Mr. Taft's viewpoint is that all the members would want to talk shop. The president has a cabinet for that purpose, and he does not solicit or desire irresponsible advice from friends, not members of his administration, about how to run the government. What Mr. Taft expressed the other day when he said he was lonesome was the human desire for somebody to play with. His old friends who used to seek him out in his leisure hours and propose various diversions now wait to be asked. They have a proper feeling that they do not want to thrust themselves forward when the president may have more important things to do.

Since it has become too cold to ride in the afternoons Mr. Taft goes walking. It has been remarked and widely commented upon that he does not seek the seclusion of Rock Creek park or of the country about Washington for his promenades, but chooses rather to walk about the city parks or along the streets, where he will brush up against and meet people. The other afternoon he rode out to Senator Newland's home in Woodley lane and walked back home. Before that he walked into a Pennsylvania avenue hotel one Sunday afternoon and asked at the clerk's desk for Judge Horace H. Lurton, whom he had just appointed to the supreme court. Judge Lurton was not in his room, and Mr. Taft fished out a card and left it for him. His visit to the Press club the other afternoon was made in the same casual way. He was out walking and just "dropped in."

An Uninvited Caller.

A man who has known the Tafts for a long time, in telling of an evening he spent at the White House last spring, said:

I had just come to town and didn't know that one wasn't supposed to call at the White House without being invited. I had known the Tafts for a long time, and after I had finished my dinner at the hotel I walked up to the White House and sent in my card. Almost immediately I was taken into one of the parlors, where I found Mrs. Taft and one of her sisters. They were glad to see me apparently, and we talked along about every sort of thing for three-quarters of an hour or more until the president came downstairs. He had been up in his study dictating. He was unaffectedly glad to see me.

After we had talked for awhile he wheeled out into the room one of those big cabinet graphophones or gramophones, and we had some music. They had records made by various opera singers, and we sat around and listened. About 11 o'clock I got up to go back to the hotel, and the president walked with me to the

front door. He said he thought he would go to bed, too, as he had had a hard day, and as I was leaving the whole household was making preparations to go upstairs and go to bed. It all seemed fine and simple and democratic to me. I caught myself wondering how many thousand other American families had spent the same sort of evening in chatting with a neighbor who had just dropped in and in listening to some music, either canned or extracted from the piano by the daughter of the house.

No New "Intimates."

President Taft has made no new intimates since he has occupied the White House. He always takes Captain Butt, his chief military aid, with him when he goes abroad, and sometimes General Clarence Edwards, chief of the insular bureau. Once at least it is of record that John Hays Hammond went walking with him in the afternoon, and once or twice Secretary Meyer was one of the riding party last summer. Yet none of these men can be called intimates in the sense that qualified members of a kitchen cabinet are intimates.

Mr. Taft, it would seem, is too catholic in his sympathies and tastes to form a kitchen cabinet. Nor does he require a little circle of admirers constantly around him to sustain his happiness. He does not take much stock in unofficial advisers. He holds the heads of the departments responsible. When he wants to know something about the navy he asks the secretary of the navy. He discusses legal questions with the attorney general, and he talks over financial problems with the secretary of the treasury. He doesn't have any traffic with bureau chiefs about departmental business.

Mr. Roosevelt's tennis cabinet was made up of subordinates in the various departments who were honored above their chiefs and transacted their business directly with Mr. Roosevelt instead of through the secretaries of their departments. All that sort of thing has stopped. If Mr. Taft ever does have a kitchen cabinet it won't be built up on that basis.

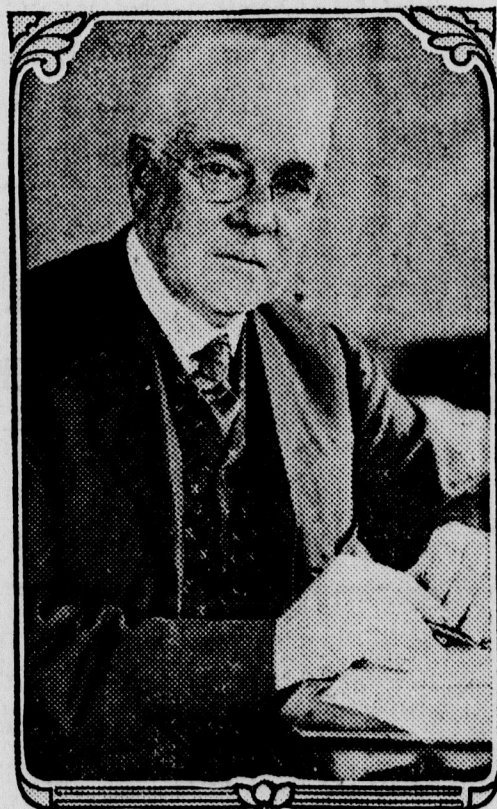
Meanwhile, if you are an old friend of Mr. Taft, drop in at the White House and see him when you are in Washington. He won't mind if the senators are kept waiting in the anteroom. Let the doorkeepers worry about that. They do.

A RACE OF VEGETARIANS.

Predicted by Horace Fletcher Within Next Ten Years.

Dr. Horace Fletcher, commenting at Pittsburg on the increased cost of living, prophesies the passing away of meat as a common article of diet and justifies this by citing its alleged ill effects.

"This no meat agitation if persisted in long enough," the doctor said, "will result in the practical elimination of meat as a diet product. It is my firm belief that meat will cease to be eaten in America in the next ten years. By



DR. HORACE FLETCHER.

the continued eating of meat there is in time produced a condition known as auto-intoxication, which is akin to alcoholic poisoning and just as fatal in its effects.

"Meat is in nowise needed in the economy of the body. In every test I have made it has been found to be positively deleterious."

The Meat Boycott.

Stomach said, "You'll eat it."
Conscience said, "You won't!"
Stomach said, "You need it."
Conscience said, "You don't!"

Stomach said, "It's juicy.
Done in first class style."
Conscience said, "You'll be dead!
The stuff is simply vile!"

Stomach said, "Don't waste it."
Conscience said, "Beware!"
Stomach said, "Just taste it."
Conscience said, "Don't dare!"

Well, at length I ate it.
What can a fellow do?
'Twas a tender steak in a gravy lake.
I had to. Wouldn't you?
—Henry George Seed in New York Sun.

An advertisement in THE ENTERPRISE brings results—quick.

MOVE FOR SAFE FOURTH OF JULY

Governors Approve Plan of an
Anti-noise Society.

INDORSED BY THE PRESIDENT

Executives of Eighteen States Have Promised to Aid Mrs. Isaac L. Rice in Having a Sane Celebration of the National Holiday—Makers of Fireworks, Too, Favor Less Din.

Celebrations of the Fourth of July in the last seven years have caused 1,513 deaths, 33,073 accidents and a fire loss of \$20,000,000. This is the black record of the national birthday, which has caused the Society For the Suppression of Unnecessary Noise, of which Mrs. Isaac L. Rice of New York is president, to open a campaign for "a safe and sane Fourth."

The first step in this campaign has been to request the governors of the various states to give their aid in the movement and to ask them to compose a national committee with this end in view. The argument which the society makes is this: "The Fourth of July is a day of national rejoicing, true, but must it be for that reason a day of national death? It is a day for the children, and their pleasure should not be curtailed, true. But shall we not rather help them to enjoy it more fully and without danger rather than let thousands of them be blinded, maimed or disfigured for life? It is a day of patriotism, not so; it is a country wide holocaust."

President Taft approves the plan, and eighteen governors have promised to help.

Replies from a few of the governors already received follow:

C. S. Deneen, governor of Illinois, said:

"I appreciate the value of the suggestion, and I shall be glad to co-operate with the other governors in bringing about the abandonment of the noisy and dangerous use of fireworks and explosives, to which so much suffering and loss of property are due every Fourth of July."

Better Than Proclamations.

"I am glad that such a movement has been entered upon to bring about this result. This plan, I am sure, will be far more effectual in securing a more rational observance of the national holiday than the usual proclamations issued by the mayors and police authorities of cities each year. These have proved almost invariably a dead letter and have been totally disregarded."

Governor Eben S. Draper of Massachusetts said:

"I am perfectly willing that you should use my name in the manner indicated in favor of a saner celebration of July 4. I do not object to the noise so much as I do to the danger to our children and young people through an indiscriminate use of dangerous explosives."

North Dakota's governor, John Burke, said:

"I shall be glad to act with you in securing a safe and patriotic observance of our national holiday. The explosives used are becoming more dangerous every year. When I was a boy there was no such thing as a giant firecracker, and the firecrackers used were small and almost harmless compared with those of today. I am willing to lend whatever assistance I can."

The President Approves.

Braxton B. Comer, governor of Alabama; John Franklin Fort, governor of New Jersey; James O. Davidson, governor of Wisconsin; Martin F. Ansel, governor of South Carolina, and Henry L. West, commissioner of the District of Columbia, have all declared their approval, and Mrs. Rice has received through Representative William S. Bennet the assurance of President Taft's hearty sympathy with the movement.

The plan of the society does not stop with the governors, however. Petitions to which are attached the letters of these chief executives are to be sent to 452 college presidents and then circulated among men of prominence in general. Already some of this work has been done, and it will be extended to include commissioners of health, fire chiefs, police commissioners and insurance companies in all of the larger cities.

In New York such a petition has been signed by Bishop Greer, William H. Maxwell of the department of education, Ernst J. Lederle of the department of health and John Wyeth, president of the Academy of Medicine.

ravored by Makers of Fireworks. Strange as it may seem, the manufacturers of fireworks are in sympathy with the movement, for the more elaborate and consequently more expensive fireworks are far less dangerous than the ordinary firecracker and especially the giant cracker, in which the profit is comparatively small.

As Mrs. Rice said in a recent article on "Our Barbarous Fourth," "When the preparations for the celebration of a great anniversary are identical with those for a battle it is time to pause and reflect whether a better observance of the day might not be advisable—to ask ourselves whether one might not be planned which would honor and not dishonor a glorious memory."

LINCOLN'S WAR SUBSTITUTE.

Monument Planned For Pennsylvanian Who Served For Martyr President.

The soldier who fought through the civil war as the personal substitute of Abraham Lincoln will have a statue erected in his honor if a bill appropriating \$20,000 for the purpose, presented by Representative Palmer, Democrat, of Pennsylvania, is passed. The substitute was J. S. Staples of Stroudsburg, Pa., and it is there that it is proposed to erect the statue.

In the little burial grounds at Stroudsburg a small tablet today marks the resting place of Staples, bearing on its face the inscription: "Here lies the body of J. Summerfield Staples, representative recruit of Abraham Lincoln."

In 1863, when the fortunes of the Union cause were at their lowest ebb, it was decided by President Lincoln and his cabinet that they should send personal substitutes to the front as an example to the country. Lincoln directed his adjutant general to choose for him as a substitute "as nearly a perfect man, physically and morally," as could be found. The adjutant general saw young Staples on the streets of Washington and explained to him the president's proposition. Staples, then eighteen years of age, accepted instantly and was taken to the White House to meet the president.

With Lincoln's benediction, he enlisted in the Second District of Columbia volunteers and served honorably until the close of the war.

New Santa Fe Trail.

A modern highway 275 miles long through the "short grass country" in western Kansas would not only prove an illuminating object lesson for the entire state, but for all the country as well. The people of western Kansas have started a movement to afford the world just that object lesson in road building. From Newton to the Colorado line it is proposed to construct a continuous boulevard along the Arkansas river and call it "the new Santa Fe trail."

Actor Fields' Joke on Tax Man.

Lew Fields, the actor, appeared at the tax department in New York city the other day and, tackling Tax Commissioner White, demanded: "You said you had \$20,000 here for me. Now show me." When Mr. White recovered from his surprise he ascertained that Fields had been assessed for that amount and was endeavoring to explain he didn't possess it. "Not a chance," Fields said. "I spend it faster than I get it. Ask Mrs. Fields."

Airship Excursions.

During the sportsmen's exhibition to be held at Vienna is to be run an excursion airship around the city, fare \$20 the round trip.

The Leading Newspaper

of

SAN FRANCISCO

is

The Call

THE NEWSY PAPER

The news reliable, forceful and clean :: :: ::

The Junior CALL

for the children given FREE every week with the Saturday issue :: ::

TRY IT

YOU WILL BE PLEASED

75 Cents per Month

Sample Copies Free

WRITE TO

San Francisco Call

San Francisco, Cal.

"CITY GROCERY"

DEALERS IN

Staple and Fancy Groceries,

Tobacco and Cigars,

Candies and Notions.

Extra Fine Teas and Coffees. Fresh

Creamery Butter direct from

the creamery

Dutra & Quilla, Props.

355 GRAND AVENUE

IF YOU WANT GOOD MEAT

Ask your butcher for meat from the GREAT ABBATTOIR at SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO San Mateo County, California

DON'T ADVERTISE

Watch the man that DOES advertise and see him do the business. Wake up! Put your ad. in THE ENTERPRISE.

PACIFIC COAST'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

SAN FRANCISCO "CHRONICLE"

The "Chronicle" is recognized as the Pacific Coast's greatest and most reliable newspaper. Its daily phenomenon large issue contains not only the world's latest and best news, but treats of a diversity of important subjects which strongly appeal to readers of valuable and varied information. It is the paper to which the farmer, the fruit grower, the merchant, the lumberman and all other workers turn for special information.

MAIL SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Daily, one year (including Sunday), \$3.00
Daily, six months (including Sunday), \$1.60
Daily, three months (including Sunday), \$1.00
Daily, one month (including Sunday), .50
Weekly, one year, \$1.00
Weekly, six months, .50
Sunday, one year, \$1.00
Sunday, six months, .50

The Weekly "Chronicle"

The Very Best Weekly Newspaper Published in the Entire West

\$1.50 a Year

Including postage to any part of the United States, Canada and Mexico. (Send for sample copy.) It is best because, besides printing all the news of the world each week in an interesting way and fully illustrating many articles, it has special departments devoted to—

AGRICULTURE MINING
HORTICULTURE LITERATURE
POULTRY FASHIONS
LIVE STOCK AND SPORTS

These are presided over by editors having a thorough knowledge of their specialties. The pages devoted to Agriculture, Horticulture, Poultry and Live Stock are well illustrated and filled with matter of the greatest interest to all engaged in these industries, every line being written by those who are in close touch with conditions prevailing on this Coast.

In sending in your subscription address

M. H. de YOUNG

San Francisco "Chronicle,"

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Circulation Department.

OVER 65 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS & C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sent by mail new subscribers. MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York Branch Office, 635 F St., Washington, D. C.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 635 F St., Washington, D. C.

MCCALL PATTERNS
10¢ AND 15¢
MORE HIGHLY

MCCALL'S MAGAZINE
50¢
INCLUDING A FREE PATTERN

MCCALL PATTERNS
Celebrated for style, perfect fit, simplicity and reliability nearly 40 years. Sold in nearly every city and town in the United States and Canada, or by mail direct. More sold than any other make. Send for free catalogue.

MCCALL'S MAGAZINE
More subscribers than any other fashion magazine—million a month. Invaluable. Latest styles, patterns, dressmaking, millinery, plain sewing, fancy needlework, hairdressing, etiquette, good stories, etc. Only 50 cents a year (worth double), including a free pattern. Subscribe today, or send for sample copy.

WONDERFUL INDUCEMENTS
to Agents. Postal brings premium catalogue and new cash prize offers. Address
THE McCALL CO., 238 to 248 W. 37th St., NEW YORK

Subscribe for
THE ENTERPRISE

San Mateo County's Family Weekly Newspaper

\$2.00 a Year

CASH IN ADVANCE

Send name with cash, check, or money order to

THE ENTERPRISE

South San Francisco, San Mateo County, Cal.

Or to G. V. C. BACON, Agent, San Bruno, Cal.

South City Printing Company

THE LARGEST EQUIPPED PLANT IN SAN MATEO COUNTY
ONLY ONE IN FIRST TOWNSHIP

FIRST-CLASS WORK

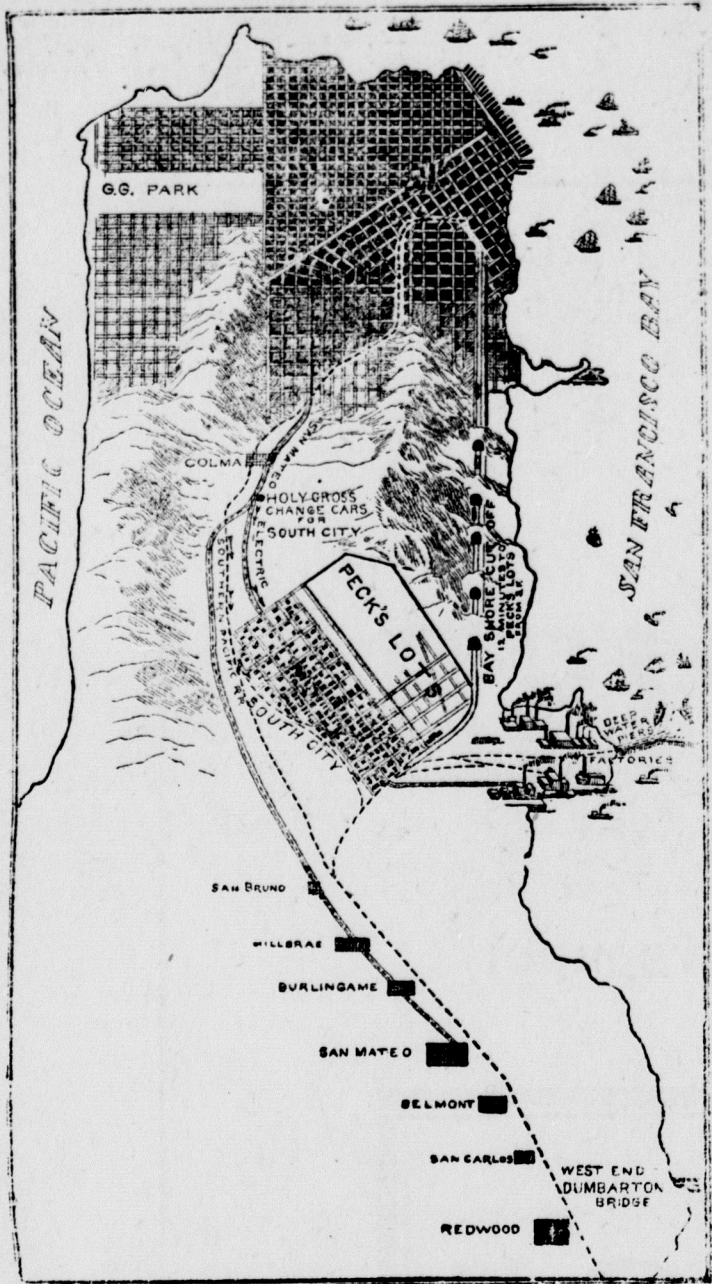
PROMPT SERVICE

REASONABLE PRICES

South San Francisco, Cal.

PHONE, MAIN 263

San Bruno Representative, G. V. C. BACON



The above map shows the location of PECK'S LOTS with relation to San Francisco

Note the route of the old Southern Pacific line and the San Mateo Electric, running over the hills in a round-about way. Note the BAY SHORE CUT-OFF, with its direct line and system of tunnels that makes Peck's Lots part of San Francisco. You will see at once why Peck's Lots offer the greatest opportunity of the day to the Homeseeker and Investor.

PHONE KEARNEY 3315

PECK AND GARRETT, OWNERS

PECK'S LOTS

SOUTH CITY

THE INDUSTRIAL CENTER

OFFICES.

789 MARKET STREET

SAN FRANCISCO

IF

The Panama Pacific Exposition Is held in South San Francisco in 1915

The land values will treble at once—

The entire water front will be improved along permanent lines—

New street railways will be built from the city to the fair site—

And industrial concerns will locate at South San Francisco.

The fair is the biggest thing thought of for the development of the peninsula.

PECK & GARRETT.

GRAND JURY REPORT.

The San Mateo Grand Jury has filed its report and been discharged.

In reference to the building of the new courthouse, the report states that the jury induced the Board of Supervisors to agree not to make any more changes in its construction, and to direct the contractors to expedite the completion of the building in accordance with the contract.

The jury fixes the blame for the delay in finishing the courthouse upon the Board of Supervisors who awarded the contract, as well as the contractors and architect.

The county jail was found to be in an unsanitary and filthy condition, and a recommendation made that a new jail be built either in basement or on the same lot at the rear of the courthouse building.

The county farm was found to be under good management by its Superintendent, J. F. Ford. Recommendation was made that immediate repairs be made to the buildings.

The jury believes that more care should be used in the issuance of liquor licenses.

The attitude of the Board of Supervisors in permitting the Maud E. Earl liquor license complaint to drag along without taking action to close up by revocation of the aforesaid license, the County Line Saloon, is condemned.

The report declares that gambling institutions exist in this county, and that they are known to the district attorney, the constable in the First Township and the sheriff's office.

The report gives a history of what the jury accomplished in the matter of requiring banks in the county, in which county funds were deposited, to pay 2 per cent interest on same.

Recommendation was made to Superior Judge Buck that indictments heretofore made against bank officials in this county and accusations against the district attorney and county treasurer be dismissed.

The report states that after careful investigation an accusation was brought against Justice Loveland of

Second Township for wilful and corrupt misconduct in office.

Official misconduct of A. O. McCormick, Justice of the Peace of the Fifth Township, was also found, the jury considering that official incompetent, and not fit to hold office.

The report says, "We believe that the salaries of certain county officials should be equally adjusted and be the same. We also believe that the public could be better served, and that better results would be attained if other officials were better compensated."

The report recommends several changes in the salaries of township officials.

In reference to the sheriff's office, the report says, "Although we criticized and hold the sheriff's office to a certain extent responsible for the existence of gambling institutions in this county, we are satisfied that the sheriff personally is not to blame."

The report criticizes the actions of certain school trustees in employing special attorneys to expedite school bond matters, declaring that those matters should be attended to by the district attorney.

It is recommended that interest money paid to the county by banks be used in making repairs and improvements at the county farm.

It is recommended that moneys received for burial permits be devoted to First Township Road Fund.

In conclusion, it is recommended that County Entomologist J. S. Hunter makes regular monthly reports.

CITY OF HILLSBORO.

The Board of Supervisors held an adjourned meeting last Monday.

A petition signed by the merchants and business men of San Mateo was read favoring the incorporation of the proposed town of Hillsboro with the boundary lines as described in the petition.

M. J. Conway, city trustee of San Mateo, strongly opposed incorporation of Hillsboro with the boundary lines as suggested in the petition.

City Attorney C. N. Kirkbride entered a vigorous protest. He claimed the boundary described was not the proper geographical one, that it was

not in harmony with the typography of the county, in fact there was no uniform boundary.

Trustee Morse made a strong plea in opposition to the petition. He said the trustees represented the people of San Mateo, and that the citizens were opposed to incorporation.

Those who spoke in favor of the petition were Rev. Brewer, Capt. Payson, Geo. Newhall, Elliott McAllister, Samuel Knight, H. P. Bowie, Norris Davis.

Chairman McEvoy stated that such matters were usually left to the supervisor whose district it affected. He suggested that the county roads in the territory proposed to be incorporated be provided for before an election was held. Mr. Coleman was not prepared to act and further consideration of the petition went over until the next regular meeting.

The matter of the missing articles of plumbing that were taken from the courthouse went over until the next meeting.

A communication from the Board of Trade of San Mateo County thanking the supervisors for their assistance in securing an exhibit or the Panama-Pacific exposition was filed.

Donald McKenzie, superintendent of the courthouse construction, was authorized to secure three tons of coal to test the heating apparatus.

CALIFORNIA FACTS

California soil is as rich as any in the world.

You can buy good land in California from \$100 to \$150 an acre.

For \$2500 you can own an improved twenty-acre home in California.

Twenty acres will make you independent in five years.

Ten acres of alfalfa will support from ten to fifteen cows.

There is great profit in dairying in California.

Cattle feed on green grass all year in California.

California cattle mature one year earlier than those in other lands.

It costs \$50 to reach California from New York, \$33 from Chicago, \$25 from

Missouri River points, \$30.50 from New Orleans and \$26.25 from Galveston, Texas.

Land set to deciduous fruit pays original cost in six years.

Land set to grapes pays original cost and profit in four years.

Land set to citrus fruit pays original cost in six years.

Poultry raising pays big profit in California.

California climate permits everybody to work out doors all year round.

There is great demand for farm labor in California.

While improving a farm your spare time will be used by neighbors at good wages.

California grows anything found in temperate zone countries.

There is such variety of locality that you can easily be suited.

Work in California brings better results than anywhere else.

Taxes are low in California.

California has best educational facilities.

California has an abundance of cheap fuel and power.

California is ten times the size of Denmark.

California is three-fourths the size of France.

California is one and one-third times as large as Italy.

If you want all the local news of the week, you will find it in the columns of THE ENTERPRISE.

GUTENBERG

Invented Printing,
and Since His Day



TYPE has done more for the world's advancement than any other thing. Our type will ADVANCE YOUR BUSINESS. Let Us Do Your Printing

The J. G. McCarthy Undertaking Co.

DEPUTY CORONER

121 Baldwin Avenue, San Mateo, Cal.

BRANCH OFFICE:—San Bruno—Mrs. F. Schuster, San Bruno Ave. and County Road

Departing from the old-time custom, we will hereafter furnish hearse, carriage, and embalming free of charge. Terms and prices second to none.

Night and day calls promptly attended to. Lady attendant. Phone, San Mateo 223.